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(54) TGF-beta induced gene family.

57) A new gene family induced by TGF-beta is disclosed. Two new genes, designated β IG-M1 and β IG-M2, are induced in response to TGF- β 1 treatment of mouse embryo fibroblasts. These genes encode proteins containing about 345 to about 380 amino acid residues, with a molecular weight of about 37,000 to about 48,000 daltons and about 38 cysteine residues. The induced proteins share about 50% homology with each other and significant homology with a v-src induced protein in chicken embryo fibroblasts designated CEF-10. These proteins may be involved in producing some of the growth and differentiation modulating effects of TGF- β 1.

PIG-M1	CIVQTTSWSQCSGCTGISTRTV-----NDNPECL-VKETRICEVR	42
CE1F2CS	CIVQTTSWSQCSGCTGISTRTV-----NDNPECL-ITKTRICEVR	42
PIG-M2	CLVQTTSWSACSTGGTGISRTV-----NDNPFCL-EKQSLRICEVR	42
PFAL12PACS	NS1-STSPSCSVTSGGIGIQVRKPSANPKDLOYEN-DIEKTKCKME	43
PROPEDCR3R	WSX-WSHSPSCSVTSCGAGXQXKXKXKXAPXX-XGPCAXGXKXKXKX	43
THROMBOCS	WSX-WSHSPSCSVTSGGVV-----ITRLRSLSPQHMQKQK-----CECARER	45
PFAL12RAPS	CGV-WDESPSCSVTSGGTRSKRRE-LHEG-----CTSEIQEQ-----	45
CTCMPCS	UDV-YAPNSECN-GCTGTORRSVAYTG-----OYGGQCGP-NAFFTO	46

region II of CS protein

βIG-M1	PCGGPVYSLLKGGKCSK	60
CEFI2CS	PCGGPSYASLKGKCKTK	60
βIG-M2	PCDALEENIKGGKCIIR	60
PFALCIPACS	KCSYVF-----N	55
PROPERDCSR	ACXXXXPCXPX-G----	50
THROMBOCS	ACKDA-CPIN-G----	56
PFALTRAPCS	-CE-EERCPPKWE-----	48
C7COMPCS	SCPTFCPTFEF--C--	56

FIGURE 7

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to the induction of a new gene family in response to TGF- β administration to target cells in culture. Two specifically induced genes were isolated and characterized.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Transforming growth factor- β 1 (TGF- β 1) is a multifunctional regulator of cell growth and differentiation. It is capable of causing diverse effects such as inhibition of the growth of monkey kidney cells, (Tucker, R.F., G.D. Shipley, H.L. Moses & R.W. Holley (1984) *Science* **226**:705-707) inhibition of growth of several human cancer cell lines, (Roberts, A.B., M.A. Anzano, L.M. Wakefield, N.S. Roches, D.F. Stem & M.B. Sporn (1985) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **82**:119-123; Ranchalis, J.E., L.E. Gentry, Y. Agawa, S.M. Seyedin, J. McPherson, A. Purchio & D.R. Twardzik (1987) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* **148**:783-789) inhibition of mouse keratinocytes, (Coffey, R.J., N.J. Sipes, C.C. Bascum, R. Gravesdeal, C. Pennington, B.E. Weissman & H.L. Moses (1988) *Cancer Res.* **48**: 1596-1602; Reiss, M. & C.L. Dibble (1988) *In Vitro Cell. Dev. Biol.* **24**:537-544) stimulation of growth of AKR-2B fibroblasts (Tucker, R.F., M.E. Olkenant, E.L. Branum & H.L. Moses (1988) *Cancer Res.* **43**:1581-1586) and normal rat kidney fibroblasts, (Roberts, A.B., M.A. Anzano, L.C. Lamb, J.M. Smith & M.B. Sporn (1981) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **78**:5339-5343) stimulation of synthesis and secretion of fibronectin and collagen, (Ignatz, R. A. & J. Massague (1986) *J. Biol. Chem.* **261**:4337-4345; Centrella, M., T.L. McCarthy & E. Canalis, (1987) *J. Biol. Chem.* **262**:2869-2874) induction of cartilage-specific macromolecule production in muscle mesenchymal cells, (Seyedin, S. M., A. Y. Thompson, H. Bentz, D.M. Rosen, J. McPherson, A. Contin, N.R. Siegel, G.R. Gallucci & K.A. Piez (1986) *J. Biol. Chem.* **261**:5693-5695) and growth inhibition of T and B lymphocytes. (Kehrl, J.H., L.M. Wakefield, A.B. Roberts, S. Jakoview, M. Alvarez-Mon, R. Derynck, M.B. Sporn & A.S. Fauci (1986) *J. Exp. Med.* **163**:1037-1050; Kehrl, J.H., A.B. Roberts, L.M. Wakefield, S. Jakoview, M.B. Sporn & A.S. Fauci (1987) *J. Immunol.* **137**:3855-3860; Kasid, A., G.I. Bell & E.P. Director, (1988) *J. Immunol.* **141**:690-698; Wahl, S.M., D.A. Hunt, H.L. Wong, S. Dougherty, N. McCartney-Francis, L.M. Wahl, L. Ellingsworth, J.A. Schmidt, G. Hall, A.B. Roberts & M.B. Sporn (1988) *J. Immunol.* **140**:3026-3032)

Recent investigations have indicated that TGF- β 1 is a member of a family of closely related growth-modulating proteins including TGF- β 2, (Seyedin, S.M., P.R. Segarini, D.M. Rosen, A.Y. Thompson, H. Bentz & J. Graycar (1987) *J. Biol. Chem.* **262**:1946-1949; Cheifetz, S., J.A. Weatherbee, M.L.-S. Tsang, J.K. Anderson, J.E. Mole, R. Lucas & J. Massague (1987) *Cell* **48**:409-415; Ikeda, T., M.M. Lioubin & H. Marquardt (1987) *Biochemistry* **26**:2406-2410) TGF- β 3, (TenDijke, P., P. Hansen, K. Iwata, C. Pieler & J.G. Foulkes (1988) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **85**:4715-4719; Derynck, R., P. Lindquist, A. Lee, D. Wen, J. Tamm, J.L. Graycar, L. Rhee, A.J. Mason, D.A. Miller, R.J. Coffey, H.L. Moses & E.Y. Chen (1988) *EMBO J.* **7**:3737-3743; Jakowlew, S.B., P.J. Dillard, P. Kondaiah, M.B. Sporn & A.B. Roberts (1988) *Mol. Endocrinology* **2**: 747-755) TGF- β 4, (Jakowlew, S.B., P.J. Dillard, M. B. Sporn & A.B. Roberts (1988) *Mol. Endocrinology* **2**:1186-1195) Mullerian inhibitory substance, (Cate, R.L., R.J. Mattaliano, C. Hession, R. Tizard, N.M. Faber, A. Cheung, E.G. Ninfa, A.Z. Frey, D.J. Dash, E.P. Chow, R.A. Fisher, J.M. Bertonis, G. Torres, B.P. Wallner, K.L. Ramachandran, R.C. Ragin, T.F. Manganaro, D.T. Maclaughlin & P.K. Donahoe (1986) *Cell* **45**:685-698) and the inhibins. (Mason, A. J., J.S. Hayflick, N. Ling, F. Esch, N. Ueno, S.-Y. Ying, R. Guillemin, H. Niall & P.H. Seeburg (1985) *Nature* **318**:659-663)

TGF- β 1 is a 24-kDa protein consisting of two identical disulfide-bonded 12 kD subunits. (Assoian, R.K., A. Komoriya, C.A. Meyers, D.M. Miller & M.B. Sporn (1983) *J. Biol. Chem.* **258**:7155-7160; Frolik, C.A., L.L. Dart, C.A. Meyers, D.M. Miller & M.B. Sporn (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **80**:3676-3680; Frolik, C.A., L.M. Wakefield, D.M. Smith & M.B. Sporn (1984) *J. Biol. Chem.* **259**:10995-11000) Analysis of cDNA clones coding for human, (Derynck, R., J.A. Jarrett, E.Y. Chen, D.H. Eaton, J.R. Bell, R.K. Assoian, A.B. Roberts, M.B. Sporn & D.V. Goeddel (1985) *Nature* **316**:701-705) murine, (Derynck, R., J.A. Jarrett, E.Y. Chen, & D.V. Goeddel (1986) *J. Biol. Chem.* **261**:4377-4379) and simian (Sharples, K., G.D. Plowman, T.M. Rose, D.R. Twardzik & A.F. Purchio (1987) *DNA* **6**:239-244) TGF- β 1 indicates that this protein is synthesized as a larger 390 amino acid pre-pro-TGF- β 1 precursor; the carboxyl terminal 112 amino acid portion is then proteolytically cleaved to yield the TGF- β 1 monomer.

The simian TGF- β 1 cDNA clone has been expressed to high levels in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells. Analysis of the proteins secreted by these cells using sitespecific antipeptide antibodies, peptide mapping, and protein sequencing revealed that both mature and precursor forms of TGF- β were produced and were held together, in part, by a complex array of disulfide bonds. (Gentry, L.E., N.R. Webb, J. Lim, A. M. Brunner, J.E. Ranchalis, D.R. Twardzik, M.N. Lioubin, H. Marquardt & A.F. Purchio (1987) *Mol. Cell Biol.* **7**:3418-3427; Gentry, L.E., M.N. Lioubin, A.F. Purchio & H. Marquardt (1988) *Mol. Cell. Biol.* **8**:4162-4168) Upon purification away

from the 24kD mature rTGF- β 1, the 90 to 110 kD precursor complex was found to consist of three species: pro-TGF- β 1, the pro-region of the TGF- β 1 precursor, and mature TGF- β 1. (Gentry, L.E., N.R. Webb, J. Lim, A.M. Brunner, J.E. Ranchalis, D.R. Twardzik, M.N. Lioubin, H. Marquardt & A.F. Purchio (1987) *Mol. Cell Biol.* 7:3418-3427; Gentry, L.E., M.N. Lioubin, A.F. Purchio & H. Marquardt (1988) *Mol. Cell Biol.* 8:4162-4168)

5 Detection of optimal biological activity required acidification before analysis, indicating that rTGF- β 1 was secreted in a latent form.

The pro-region of the TGF- β 1 precursor was found to be glycosylated at three sites (Asn 82, Asn 136, and Asn 176) and the first two of these (Asn 82 and Asn 136) contain mannose-6-phosphate residues. (Brunner, A.M., L.E. Gentry, J.A. Cooper & A.F. Purchio (1988) *Mol. Cell Biol.* 8:2229-2232; Purchio, A.F., J.A. Cooper, A.M. Brunner, M.N. Lioubin, L.E. Gentry, K.S. Kovacina, R.A. Roth & H. Marquardt. (1988) *J. Biol. Chem.* 263:14211-14215) In addition, the rTGF- β 1 precursor is capable of binding to the mannose-6-phosphate receptor and may imply a mechanism for delivery to lysosomes where proteolytic processing can occur. (Kornfeld, S. (1986) *J. Clin. Invest.* 77:1-6)

TGF- β 2 is also a 24-kD homodimer of identical disulfide-bonded 112 amino acid subunits (Marquardt, H., M.N. Lioubin & T. Ikeda (1987) *J. Biol. Chem.* 262:12127-12131). Analysis of cDNA clones coding for human (Madisen, L., N. R. Webb, T.M. Rose, H. Marquardt, T. Ikeda, D. Twardzik, S. Seyedin & A.F. Purchio. (1988) *DNA* 7:1-8; DeMartin, R., B. Plaendler, R. Hoefer-Warbinek, H. Gaugitsch, M. Wrann, H. Schlusener, J.M. Seifert, S. Bodmer, A. Fontana & E. Hoefer. *EMBO J.* 6:3673-3677) and simian (Hanks, S.K., R. Armour, J.H. Baldwin, F. Maldonado, J. Spiess & R.W. Holley (1988) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85:79-82) TGF- β 2 showed that it, too, is synthesized as a larger precursor protein. The mature regions of TGF- β 1 and TGF- β 2 show 70% homology, whereas 30% homology occurs in the proregion of the precursor. In the case of simian and human TGF- β 2 precursor proteins differing by a 28 amino acid insertion in the pro-region; mRNA coding for these two proteins is thought to occur via differential splicing (Webb, N.R., L. Madisen, T.M. Rose & A.F. Purchio (1988) *DNA* 7:493-497).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to the induction in mammalian cells of a new family of genes in response to TGF-beta administration. The induced genes encode a class of similar proteins containing about 345 to about 380 amino acid residues, having a molecular weight of about 37,000 daltons to about 45,000 daltons and containing about 38 cysteine residues. The cysteine residues are substantially conserved and these proteins share about 50% homology with each other. The induced gene products further share extensive homology with a protein induced by v-src in chicken embryo fibroblasts.

The present invention specifically discloses the induction by TGF-beta in mouse embryo cells of a gene family encoding proteins designated as β IG-M1 and β IG-M2 (beta-induced gene-mouse 1 and 2, respectively) that share about 80% and 50% homology, respectively with the CEF-10 protein induced by v-src in chicken embryo fibroblasts. The nucleotide sequences for β IG-M1 and β IG-M2 were elucidated and compared. The induction of the genes of the present invention by TGF-beta had not been previously reported or envisioned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

In the drawings:

FIGURE 1 illustrates the nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequences of β IG-M1, and corresponds to Sequence I.D. No. 1.

FIGURE 2 illustrates the nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequences of β IG-M2, and corresponds to Sequence I.D. No. 3.

FIGURE 3 illustrates Northern Blot Analysis of β IG-M1 and β IG-M2 RNA. Total RNA was extracted from AKR-2B cells (Purchio and Fareed (1979) *J. Virol.* 29:763-769), fractionated on a 1% agarose-formaldehyde gel (Lehrach et al., (1977) *Biochemistry* 16:4743-4751) and hybridized to [32 P]-labelled β IG-M1 (A) or β IG-M2 (C) probes. Lane 1, AKR-2B; Lane 2, AKR-2B and TGF- β 1; Lane 3, AKR-2B and cyclohexamide; Lane 4, AKR-2B and cyclohexamide and TGF- β 1. The gels shown in panels A and C were stained with methylene blue and photographed (B and D) to show equal loading of RNAs.

FIGURE 4 illustrates the alignment of amino acid residue sequences for β IG-M1 and CEF-10 proteins. Residues that are identical in both sequences are indicated by (:).

FIGURE 5 illustrates the alignment of amino acid residue sequences for β IG-M2 and CEF-10 proteins. Residues that are identical in both sequences are indicated by (:).

FIGURE 6 illustrates the alignment of amino acid residue sequences for β IG-M2 and β IG-M1 proteins. Residues that are identical in both sequences are indicated by (:).

FIGURE 7 illustrates the multiple sequence alignment of region II of CS protein. The alignment shown is between 8 protein sequences. An asterisk (*) indicated the positions where alignment is perfectly conserved, and a dot (.) indicates those positions that are well conserved.

The aligned regions represented are:

- 5 . β IG-M1: amino acid residues 227-286 (60 residues)
- . CEF12CS (CEF10): amino acid residues 224-283 (60 residues)
- . β IG-M2: amino acid residues 198-257 (60 residues)
- . PFALCIPACS (P. Falciparum CS protein region II): amino acid residues 340-395 (55 residues)
- . PROPERDCSR (Properdin): consensus of 6 repeats (60 residues)
- 10 . THROMBOCS (Thrombospondin): repeat region, amino acid residues 420-476 (56 residues)
- . PFALTRAPCS (P. Falciparum TRAP): amino acid residues 244-291 (48 residues)
- . C7COMPCS (C7 terminal complement motif): amino acid residues 8-63 (56 residues)

FIGURE 8 illustrates a Southern blot analysis of mouse genomic DNA with p β IG-M2. High molecular weight DNA was extracted from mouse kidneys, digested with Bam HI (lane 1), Eco RI (lane 2), Hind III (lane 3) or SstI (lane 4) and analyzed by Southern blotting with [³²P]-labeled p β IG-M2 (panel A) or [³²P]-labeled p β IG-M1 (panel B).

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

20 The present invention is directed to the induction of a gene family by TGF-beta administration to target cells. The genes encode a family of proteins having about 345 to about 380 amino acid residues, having a molecular weight of about 37,000 daltons to about 45,000 daltons and containing about 38 cysteine residues.

TGF- β 1 is known to regulate the transcription of several genes, such as the genes encoding c-myc, c-sis, the receptor for platelet derived growth factor (PDGF) and TGF-beta1. The proteins encoded by the TGF-beta1 induced genes are likely involved in mediation of the biological effects of TGF-beta1 relating to cell growth and differentiation.

All amino acid residues identified herein are in the natural of L-configuration. In keeping with standard polypeptide nomenclature, abbreviations for amino acid residues are as follows:

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	AMINO ACID	SYMBOL	
		3-Letter	1-Letter
5	Alanine	Ala	A
	Arginine	Arg	R
	Asparagine	Asn	N
	Aspartic acid	Asp	D
10	Aspartic acid or Asparagine	Asx	B
	Cysteine	Cys	C
	Glutamine	Gln	Q
	Glutamic acid	Glu	E
15	Glycine	Gly	G
	Glutamic acid or Glutamine	Glx	Z
	Histidine	His	H
	Isoleucine	Ile	I
20	Leucine	Leu	L
	Lysine	Lys	K
	Methionine	Met	M
	Phenylalanine	Phe	F
	Proline	Pro	P
25	Serine	Ser	S
	Threonine	Thr	T
	Tryptophan	Trp	W
	Tyrosine	Tyr	Y
30	Valine	Val	V

In the present invention it was found that when cells are treated with TGF-beta1, at least one new class of genes was transcriptionally activated. This class of genes was established by isolating the RNA from the treated cells, processing it, and then preparing cDNA from the RNA. The cDNA was further cloned and a library of genes prepared.

As used herein, the term "library" refers to a large random collection of cloned DNA fragments obtained from the transcription system of interest. The gene library was then screened with labelled cDNA probes obtained from TGF-beta treated and untreated cells. This approach led to the detection of TGF-beta1 induced genes.

In a preferred embodiment, mouse AKR-2B cells (obtained from Dr. H. Moses, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN.) were treated with TGF-beta1, and two new genes, designated β IG-M1 and β IG-M2, respectively, were elucidated. The coding sequences for these genes were obtained by cDNA cloning of the polyadenylated RNA isolated from the AKR-2B cells. The entire coding region was sequenced and then compared to known published sequences. The deduced amino acid sequences of the β IG-M1 and β IG-M2 gene products demonstrated about 80% and 50% homology, respectively, with CEF-10, a gene induced by v-src in chicken embryo fibroblasts (Simmons et al. (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 86:1178). Comparison and alignment of the amino acid sequences of CEF-10 with β IG-M1 and β IG-M2 are shown in FIGURES 1 and 2, respectively. It is readily seen that significant homology exists between these proteins and that 38 of the 39 cysteine residues are conserved. When β IG-M1 and β IG-M2 are compared with each other, approximately 50% homology is seen between the two sequences. (FIGURE 3)

Upon further investigation it was found that the C-terminal cysteine rich domain of CEF-10, β IG-M1, and β IG-M2 contain an amino acid sequence motif with strong homology (9 of 12 amino acids) to a motif found near the C-terminal of the malarial circumsporozoite (CS) protein. (FIGURE 7) This region of the CS protein, designated 'region II', is highly conserved (10 of 12 amino acids) among all species of malarial parasites sequenced to date (Robson, K.J.H., et al. (1988) Nature 335:79; Rich, K.A., et al. (1990) Science 249:1574). The CS protein is expressed on the surface of plasmodium species during the sporozoite phase and may be involved in recognition and entry into hepatocytes (Aley, S.B., et al. (1986) J. Exp. Med. 164:1915).

The role of the region II motif in cell adhesion has been demonstrated by using peptide fragments of *P. vivax* CS protein to promote T-cell and myeloid cell line attachment to microtiter plates (Rich, K. A., et al. (1990) *Science* 249:1574). Furthermore, only peptides overlapping region II were able to inhibit T-cell and myeloid cell lines from binding to the CS protein.

The region II CS protein motif (CS motif is also found in other proteins which may have cell adhesive properties that mediate cell-cell and cell-extracellular matrix interactions, such as properdin, thrombospondin; thrombospondin related anonymous protein (TRAP) and various complement components.

Properdin has 6 repeats containing the CS motif. Properdin is involved in stabilizing the 'alternate' pathway of complement which involves the binding of C3b to the surfaces of foreign organisms (Goundis, D. and Reid, K.B.M. (1988) *Nature* 335:82).

Thrombospondin has 3 repeats of the CS motif. Data suggest it is a member of a class of adhesive proteins secreted by activated platelets and tissue culture cells, associating with the platelet membrane and becoming incorporated in fibrin clots and extracellular matrix (Lawler, J. and Hynes, R.O. (1986) *J. Cell Bio.* 103:1635).

TRAP is a surface antigen expressed during the blood stage of *P. falciparum* and may be involved in attachment to erythrocytes (possibly via C3b) prior to invasion (Robson, K.J.H., et al. (1988) *Nature* 335:79).

A comparison of the amino acid residue sequences of these proteins is shown in FIGURE 7, and demonstrates a high degree to conservation of the region II sequence.

The N-terminus and the C-terminus of complement components C7, C8 α , and C8 β , and the N-terminus of C9 contain motifs that have weak homology to the CS motif (Goundis, D. and Reid, K.B.M. (1988) *Nature* 335:82).

Libraries of cDNA were generated in the present invention as a means to detect the induction of new genes by TGF- β 1. Double stranded cDNA containing EcoRI cohesive termini was ligated into the unique EcoRI cloning site present in λ gt 10 DNA. The recombinant DNA was then packaged into viable phage particles and plated on appropriate hosts (*E. coli* strain C₆₀₀ rK⁻mK⁺hF1) for amplification and screening.

λ gt 10 is an insertion vector with a cloning capacity of up to 7 kb. The unique EcoRI cloning site is located in the λ repressor (cI) gene. Insertion of foreign DNA at this restriction site interrupts the cI coding sequence and causes the phenotype of the phage to change from cI⁺ (wild type) to cI⁻. Since cI⁻ phage are unable to lysogenize the host, clear plaques are produced by the recombinants. When plated on mutant bacteria which produce lysogeny, or bacteriophage integration, at a high frequency, only recombinant cI⁻ phage produce plaques. Nonrecombinants, such as λ gt 10 without an insert, are effectively suppressed from plaque formation. This has served in the present invention as the basis for the biological selection for recombinant phage during λ gt 10 library amplification.

Selection of the cloned sequences of interest in the present invention was carried out by screening the library with nucleic acid sequences derived from TGF- β 1 treated and untreated cells. This screening is dependent upon molecular hybridization by annealing of single-stranded nucleic acid molecules to form duplex structures that are stabilized by sequence-specific hydrogen bonds. Only nucleic acids of related sequence organization will base pair, or hybridize, with each other.

Northern blot analysis as carried out in the present invention allows the detection of rare RNA molecules in a cell. In this technique, total cellular RNA is prepared and then resolved into different size classes electrophoretically. The resolved RNA is then transferred and probed with radiolabelled DNA, followed by radioautographic detection of DNA-RNA hybrid duplexes.

The Northern blot technology was used in the present invention to further characterize β IG-M1 and β IG-M2.

The present invention is further described by the following Examples which are intended to be illustrative and not limiting.

EXAMPLE 1

Isolation of β IG-M1 and β IG-M2

AKR-2B mouse cells, (obtained from Dr. H. Moses, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN.) were grown to confluency in McCoy's media (GIBCO BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) plus 5% fetal bovine serum (FBS). The cells were then treated with cyclohexamide (10 μ g/ml) for 15 minutes.

TGF- β 1 (10 ng/ml) was then added to the cells and the cells maintained for 6 hours at about 37°C with cyclohexamide and TGF- β 1.

The RNA was extracted from the cells. Polyadenylated RNA (polyA-RNA) was isolated by passage of the extracted RNA through an oligo-dT cellulose column. The polyA-RNA was then used to prepare cDNA by use of reverse transcriptase. The cDNA was cloned into λ gt 10 phage by using an EcoRI bridge according to the method of Webb, N.R. et al., 1987, *DNA* 6:71-79.

A DNA library was prepared and was then screened using two ³²P-labelled cDNA probes. The ³²P-labelled cDNA probes were prepared, respectively, from untreated AKR-2B mRNA and AKR-2B mRNA from cells treated with cyclohexamide and TGF-beta1. Hybridization of the probes with the DNA library to elicit plaques was carried out. Those plaques that had hybridized strongly with the probe from treated cells were isolated and further purified. The DNA from the tertiary plaques were cut with EcoR1 and then cloned into plasmid pEMBL18. Two clones (βIG-M1 and βIG-M2) were then sequenced. The sequences are shown in FIGURE 1 and 2 (Sequence I.D. Nos. 1 and 3, respectively).

Northern blot analysis of the mRNA from treated and untreated cells are shown in FIGURE 3. βIG-M1 (Figure 3A, lane 2) and βIG-M2 (Figure 3C, lane 2) RNAs were significantly increased in AKR-2B cells after a 6 hour treatment with TGF-β1. These RNAs were barely detectable in untreated cells (Figures 3A and 3C, lane 1). Both βIG-M1 and βIG-M2 RNAs were increased by treatment with cyclohexamide alone (FIGURES 3A and 3C, lane 3) and were even further induced by treatment with the combination of cyclohexamide and TGF-β1. (FIGURES 3A and 3C, lane 4). TGF-β1 treatment in the presence of cyclohexamide increased βIG-M2 RNA to a much higher extent (15 fold) than βIG-M1 RNA (3 fold) over those values observed after cyclohexamide treatment alone.

Southern blot analysis was carried out using mouse kidney DNA and clearly demonstrated that the two probes hybridized to different restriction fragments (FIGURE 8A and B) indicating that βIG-M1 and βIG-M2 are encoded by different genes. It is readily seen that the administration of TGF-β1 in the presence of cyclohexamide significantly induces the production of mRNA for both βIG-M1 and βIG-M2 (FIGURE 3). A small amount of constitutive synthesis of these mRNAs is seen in the cyclohexamide treated cells.

EXAMPLE 2

Characterization of βIG-M1 and βIG-M2

The amino acid residue sequences for βIG-M1 and βIG-M2 (sequence I.D. No. 2 and 4, respectively) were determined and compared. As shown in FIGURE 6 when the two protein sequences are aligned there is a 47.7% homology between the sequences with conservation of 38 of the 39 cysteine residues.

Comparison of the protein sequence with the v-src-induced gene product CEF-10 (Sequence I.D. No. 6) shows homology of about 80% with βIG-M1 (Sequence I.D. No. 2) as seen in FIGURE 4, and of about 50% with βIG-M2 (Sequence I.D. No. 4) as seen in FIGURE 5.

DNA sequence analysis of pβIG-M1 indicated that it contained a single open reading frame coding for a 379 amino acid polypeptide. As stated above, this protein is about 80% homologous to CEF-10. It was further determined that βIG-M1 protein is identical to the protein encoded by *cyr61*, as described in O'Brien et al. (1990) Mol. Cell Biol. 10:3569-3577, an immediate early response gene induced in quiescent BALB 3T3 cells by serum treatment.

DNA sequence analysis of pβIG-M2 (FIGURE 2) indicates a single open reading frame encoding a 348 amino acid protein. The amino terminal portion of βIG-M2 contains a hydrophobic stretch which could function as a signal peptide. Beginning at amino acid residue 52 in FIGURE 2, βIG-M2 contains the sequence Gly-Cys-Gly-Cys-Cys-Arg-Val-Cys which conforms to the Gly-Cys-Gly-Cys-Cys-X-X-Cys motif reported in the amino half of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) binding proteins. (Binkert et al. (1988) EMBO J. 8:2497-2502; Albiston et al. (1990) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 16:892-897; Brinkman et al. (1988) EMBO J. 7:2417-2423). This motif is also present in βIG-M1 at amino acid residues 49 - 56 in Figure 1.

The foregoing description and Examples are intended as illustrative of the present invention, but not as limiting. Numerous variations and modifications may be effected without departing from the true spirit and scope of the present invention.

SEQUENCE LISTING

5 (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT: BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY
345 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10154
United States of America

10

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: TGF-BETA INDUCED GENE FAMILY

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 6

15

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

(A) ADDRESSEE: Joseph M. Sorrentino
(B) STREET: 3005 First Avenue
(C) CITY: Seattle
(D) STATE: Washington
(E) COUNTRY: USA
(F) ZIP: 98121

20

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.24

25

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US unassigned
(B) FILING DATE: 18-JAN-1991
(C) CLASSIFICATION:

30

(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

(A) NAME: Sorrentino, Joseph M.
(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,598
(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: ON0081-

35

(ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

(A) TELEPHONE: (206) 728-4800
(B) TELEFAX: (206) 448-4775

40

45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2028 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: N

55

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: N

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mus musculus
 (G) CELL TYPE: Fibroblast
 (H) CELL LINE: AKR2B

10 (viii) POSITION IN GENOME:
 (C) UNITS: bp

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 186..1322
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:
 15 (ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 186..1322
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:
 20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

	GACCGTGAGC GAGAGGCCCA GAGAAGCGCC TGCAATCTCT GCGCTCCTCC GCCAGCACCT	60
25	CGAGAGAAGG ACACCCGCCG CCTCGGCCCT CGCTCACC GACTCCGGGC GCATTGTATC	120
	CCGCTGCTCG CCGGCTTGTT GGTTCGTGTG CGCCGCGCTC GCCCCGGTTC CTCCTGCGCG	180
30	CCACA ATG AGC TCC AGC ACC TTC AGG ACG CTC GCT GTC GCC GTC ACC	227
	Met Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Arg Thr Leu Ala Val Ala Val Thr	
	1 5 10	
	CTT CTC CAC TTG ACC AGA CTG GCG CTC TCC ACC TGC CCC GCC GCC TGC	275
	Leu Leu His Leu Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Cys Pro Ala Ala Cys	
35	15 20 25 30	
	CAC TGC CCT CTG GAG GCA CCC AAG TGC GCC CCG GGA GTC GGG TTG GTC	323
	His Cys Pro Leu Glu Ala Pro Lys Cys Ala Pro Gly Val Gly Leu Val	
	35 40 45	
40	CGG GAC GGC TGC GGC TGC TGT AAG GTC TGC GCT AAA CAA CTC AAC GAG	371
	Arg Asp Gly Cys Gly Cys Cys Lys Val Cys Ala Lys Gln Leu Asn Glu	
	50 55 60	
45	GAC TGC AGC AAA ACT CAG CCC TGC GAC CAC ACC AAG GGG TTG GAA TGC	419
	Asp Cys Ser Lys Thr Gln Pro Cys Asp His Thr Lys Gly Leu Glu Cys	
	65 70 75	
	AAT TTC GGC GCC AGC TCC ACC GCT CTG AAA GGG ATC TGC AGA GCT CAG	467
	Asn Phe Gly Ala Ser Ser Thr Ala Leu Lys Gly Ile Cys Arg Ala Gln	
50	80 85 90	
	TCA GAA GGC AGA CCC TGT GAA TAT AAC TCC AGA ATC TAC CAA AAC GGG	515
	Ser Glu Gly Arg Pro Cys Glu Tyr Asn Ser Arg Ile Tyr Gln Asn Gly	
	95 100 105 110	

55

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5	GAA AGC TTC CAG CCC AAC TGT AAA CAC CAG TGC ACA TGT ATT GAT GGC Glu Ser Phe Gln Pro Asn Cys Lys His Gln Cys Thr Cys Ile Asp Gly 115 120 125	563
10	GCC GTG GGC TGC ATT CCT CTG TGT CCC CAA GAA CTG TCT CTC CCC AAT Ala Val Gly Cys Ile Pro Leu Cys Pro Gln Glu Leu Ser Leu Pro Asn 130 135 140	611
	CTG GGC TGT CCC AAC CCC CGG CTG GTG AAA GTC AGC GGG CAG TGC TGT Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Pro Arg Leu Val Lys Val Ser Gly Gln Cys Cys 145 150 155	659
15	GAA GAG TGG GTT TGT GAT GAA GAC AGC ATT AAG GAC TCC CTG GAC GAC Glu Glu Trp Val Cys Asp Glu Asp Ser Ile Lys Asp Ser Leu Asp Asp 160 165 170	707
20	CAG GAT GAC CTC CTC GGA CTC GAT GCC TCG GAG GTG GAG TTA ACG AGA Gln Asp Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Val Glu Leu Thr Arg 175 180 185 190	755
25	AAC AAT GAG TTA ATC GCA ATT GGA AAA GGC AGC TCA CTG AAG AGG CTT Asn Asn Glu Leu Ile Ala Ile Gly Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Lys Arg Leu 195 200 205	803
	CCT GTC TTT GGC ACC GAA CCG CGA GTT CTT TTC AAC CCT CTG CAC GCC Pro Val Phe Gly Thr Glu Pro Arg Val Leu Phe Asn Pro Leu His Ala 210 215 220	851
30	CAT GGC CAG AAA TGC ATC GTT CAG ACC ACG TCT TGG TCC CAG TGC TCC His Gly Gln Lys Cys Ile Val Gln Thr Thr Ser Trp Ser Gln Cys Ser 225 230 235	899
35	AAG AGC TGC GGA ACT GGC ATC TCC ACA CGA GTT ACC AAT GAC AAC CCA Lys Ser Cys Gly Thr Gly Ile Ser Thr Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Pro 240 245 250	947
40	GAG TGC CGC CTG GTG AAA GAG ACC CGG ATC TGT GAA GTG CGT CCT TGT Glu Cys Arg Leu Val Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Cys Glu Val Arg Pro Cys 255 260 265 270	995
	GGA CAA CCA GTG TAC AGC AGC CTA AAA AAG GGC AAG AAA TGC AGC AAG Gly Gln Pro Val Tyr Ser Ser Leu Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys Ser Lys 275 280 285	1043
45	ACC AAG AAA TCC CCA GAA CCA GTC AGA TTT ACT TAT GCA GGA TGC TCC Thr Lys Lys Ser Pro Glu Pro Val Arg Phe Thr Tyr Ala Gly Cys Ser 290 295 300	1091
50	AGT GTC AAG AAA TAC CGG CCC AAA TAC TGC GGC TCC TGC GTA GAT GGC Ser Val Lys Lys Tyr Arg Pro Lys Tyr Cys Gly Ser Cys Val Asp Gly 305 310 315	1139
55	CGG TGC TGC ACA CCT CTG CAG ACC AGA ACT GTG AAG ATG CGG TTC CGA Arg Cys Cys Thr Pro Leu Gln Thr Arg Thr Val Lys Met Arg Phe Arg 320 325 330	1187

5 TGC GAA GAT GGA GAG ATG TTT TCC AAG AAT GTC ATG ATG ATC CAG TCC 1235
 Cys Glu Asp Gly Glu Met Phe Ser Lys Asn Val Met Met Ile Gln Ser
 335 340 345 350

10 TGC AAA TGT AAC TAC AAC TGC CCG CAT CCC AAC GAG GCA TCG TTC CGA 1283
 Cys Lys Cys Asn Tyr Asn Cys Pro His Pro Asn Glu Ala Ser Phe Arg
 355 360 365

CTG TAC AGC CTA TTC AAT GAC ATC CAC AAG TTC AGG GAC TAAGTGCCTC 1332
 Leu Tyr Ser Leu Phe Asn Asp Ile His Lys Phe Arg Asp
 370 375

15 CAGGGTTCCT ACTGTGGGCT GGACAGAGGA GAAGCGCAAG CATCATGGAG ACGTGGGTGG 1392

GCGGAGGATG AATGGTGCCT TGCTCATTCT TGAGTAGCAT TAGGGTATTT CAAAAGTGGC 1452

AAGGGGCTGA TGTGGACGGA CAGCAGCGCA GCCGCGATTG GAGAATGCCA AGGGGCTGAT 1512

20 GTGGACGGAC AGCAGCGCAG CCGCAGTTGG AGAAGACTTC GCTTCATAGT ACTGGAGCGG 1572

GCATTATTGC TCCATATTGG AGCATGTTTA CGGATGACGT TCTGTTTTCT GTTTGTAAAT 1632

TATTGCTAA GTGTATTTTT TTGCTCCAGA CCCCCCCCCC CCCTTTCTTG GTTCTACAAT 1692

25 TGTAATAGAG ACAAATAAG ATTAGTTGGG CCAAGTGAAA GCCCTGCTTG TCCTTTGACA 1752

GAAGTAAATG AAAGCGCCTC TCATTCCTTC CCGAGCGGAG GGGGGACACT CTGTGAGTGT 1812

30 CCTTGGGGCA GCTACCTGCA CTCTAAAGT GCAAACAGAA ACCAGGTGTT TTAAGATTGA 1872

ATGTTTTTTT ATTTATCAAA GTGTAGCTTT TGGGGAGGGA GGGGAAATGT AATACTGGAA 1932

TAATTGTAA ATGATTTTAA TTTTATATCA GTGAAGAGAA TTTATTTATA AAATTAATCA 1992

35 TTTAATAAAG AAATATTTAC CTAAAAAAA AAAAAA 2028

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 379 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Arg Thr Leu Ala Val Ala Val Thr Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15

His Leu Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Cys Pro Ala Ala Cys His Cys
 20 25 30

Pro Leu Glu Ala Pro Lys Cys Ala Pro Gly Val Gly Leu Val Arg Asp
 35 40 45

5 Gly Cys Gly Cys Cys Lys Val Cys Ala Lys Gln Leu Asn Glu Asp Cys
 50 55 60
 Ser Lys Thr Gln Pro Cys Asp His Thr Lys Gly Leu Glu Cys Asn Phe
 65 70 75 80
 10 Gly Ala Ser Ser Thr Ala Leu Lys Gly Ile Cys Arg Ala Gln Ser Glu
 85 90 95
 Gly Arg Pro Cys Glu Tyr Asn Ser Arg Ile Tyr Gln Asn Gly Glu Ser
 100 105 110
 15 Phe Gln Pro Asn Cys Lys His Gln Cys Thr Cys Ile Asp Gly Ala Val
 115 120 125
 Gly Cys Ile Pro Leu Cys Pro Gln Glu Leu Ser Leu Pro Asn Leu Gly
 130 135 140
 20 Cys Pro Asn Pro Arg Leu Val Lys Val Ser Gly Gln Cys Cys Glu Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Val Cys Asp Glu Asp Ser Ile Lys Asp Ser Leu Asp Asp Gln Asp
 165 170 175
 25 Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Val Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn Asn
 180 185 190
 Glu Leu Ile Ala Ile Gly Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Lys Arg Leu Pro Val
 195 200 205
 30 Phe Gly Thr Glu Pro Arg Val Leu Phe Asn Pro Leu His Ala His Gly
 210 215 220
 Gln Lys Cys Ile Val Gln Thr Thr Ser Trp Ser Gln Cys Ser Lys Ser
 225 230 235 240
 35 Cys Gly Thr Gly Ile Ser Thr Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Pro Glu Cys
 245 250 255
 Arg Leu Val Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Cys Glu Val Arg Pro Cys Gly Gln
 260 265 270
 40 Pro Val Tyr Ser Ser Leu Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys Ser Lys Thr Lys
 275 280 285
 45 Lys Ser Pro Glu Pro Val Arg Phe Thr Tyr Ala Gly Cys Ser Ser Val
 290 295 300
 Lys Lys Tyr Arg Pro Lys Tyr Cys Gly Ser Cys Val Asp Gly Arg Cys
 305 310 315 320
 50 Cys Thr Pro Leu Gln Thr Arg Thr Val Lys Met Arg Phe Arg Cys Glu
 325 330 335

55

Asp Gly Glu Met Phe Ser Lys Asn Val Met Met Ile Gln Ser Cys Lys
 340 345 350

5 Cys Asn Tyr Asn Cys Pro His Pro Asn Glu Ala Ser Phe Arg Leu Tyr
 355 360 365

Ser Leu Phe Asn Asp Ile His Lys Phe Arg Asp
 370 375

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15

- (A) LENGTH: 2330 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: N

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: N

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25

- (A) ORGANISM: Mus musculus
- (G) CELL TYPE: Fibroblast
- (H) CELL LINE: AKR2B

(viii) POSITION IN GENOME:

30

- (C) UNITS: bp

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 204..1247
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

35

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 204..1247
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

40

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

AGACTCAGCC AGATCCACTC CAGCTCCGAC CCCAGGAGAC CGACCTCCTC CAGACGGCAG 60

45 CAGCCCCAGC CCAGCCGACA ACCCCAGACG CCACCGCCTG GAGCGTCCAG ACACCAACCT 120

CCGCCCTGT CCGAATCCAG GCTCCAGCCG CGCCTCTCGT CGCCTCTGCA CCCTGCTGTG 180

CATCCTCCTA CCGCGTCCCG ATC ATG CTC GCC TCC GTC GCA GGT CCC ATC 230

50

Met Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Gly Pro Ile
 1 5

55

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5	AGC CTC GCC TTG GTG CTC CTC GCC CTC TGC ACC CGG CCT GCT ACG GGC Ser Leu Ala Leu Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Cys Thr Arg Pro Ala Thr Gly 10 15 20 25	278
10	CAG GAC TGC AGC GCG CAA TGT CAG TGC GCA GCC GAA GCA GCG CCG CAC Gln Asp Cys Ser Ala Gln Cys Gln Cys Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Pro His 30 35 40	326
10	TGC CCC GCC GGC GTG AGC CTG GTG CTG GAC GGC TGC GGC TGC TGC CGC Cys Pro Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Gly Cys Gly Cys Cys Arg 45 50 55	374
15	GTC TGC GCC AAG CAG CTG GGA GAA CTG TGT ACG GAG CGT GAC CCC TGC Val Cys Ala Lys Gln Leu Gly Glu Leu Cys Thr Glu Arg Asp Pro Cys 60 65 70	422
20	GAC CCA CAC AAG GGC CTC TTC TGC GAT TTC GGC TCC CCC GCC AAC CGC Asp Pro His Lys Gly Leu Phe Cys Asp Phe Gly Ser Pro Ala Asn Arg 75 80 85	470
25	AAG ATT GGA GTG TGC ACT GCC AAA GAT GGT GCA CCC TGT GTC TTC GGT Lys Ile Gly Val Cys Thr Ala Lys Asp Gly Ala Pro Cys Val Phe Gly 90 95 100 105	518
25	GGG TCG GTG TAC CGC AGC GGT GAG TCC TTC CAA AGC AGC TGC AAA TAC Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Ser Gly Glu Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Cys Lys Tyr 110 115 120	566
30	CAA TGC ACT TGC CTG GAT GGG GCC GTG GGC TGC GTG CCC CTA TGC AGC Gln Cys Thr Cys Leu Asp Gly Ala Val Gly Cys Val Pro Leu Cys Ser 125 130 135	614
35	ATG GAC GTG CGC CTG CCC AGC CCT GAC TGC CCC TTC CCG AGA AGG GTC Met Asp Val Arg Leu Pro Ser Pro Asp Cys Pro Phe Pro Arg Arg Val 140 145 150	662
35	AAG CTG CCT GGG AAA TGC TGC GAG GAG TGG GTG TGT GAC GAG CCC AAG Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys Cys Cys Glu Glu Trp Val Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys 155 160 165	710
40	GAC CGC ACA GCA GTT GGC CCT GCC CTA GCT GCC TAC CGA CTG GAA GAC Asp Arg Thr Ala Val Gly Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Arg Leu Glu Asp 170 175 180 185	758
45	ACA TTT GGC CCA GAC CCA ACT ATG ATG CGA GCC AAC TGC CTG GTC CAG Thr Phe Gly Pro Asp Pro Thr Met Met Arg Ala Asn Cys Leu Val Gln 190 195 200	806
50	ACC ACA GAG TGG AGC GCC TGT TCT AAG ACC TGT GGA ATG GGC ATC TCC Thr Thr Glu Trp Ser Ala Cys Ser Lys Thr Cys Gly Met Gly Ile Ser 205 210 215	854
55	ACC CGA GTT ACC AAT GAC AAT ACC TTC TGC AGA CTG GAG AAG CAG AGC Thr Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Thr Phe Cys Arg Leu Glu Lys Gln Ser 220 225 230	902

5	CGC CTC TGC ATG GTC AGG CCC TGC GAA GCT GAC CTG GAG GAA AAC ATT Arg Leu Cys Met Val Arg Pro Cys Glu Ala Asp Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile 235 240 245	950
10	AAG AAG GGC AAA AAG TGC ATC CGG ACA CCT AAA ATC GCC AAG CCT GTC Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys Ile Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Ala Lys Pro Val 250 255 260 265	998
15	AAG TTT GAG CTT TCT GGC TGC ACC AGT GTG AAG ACA TAC AGG GCT AAG Lys Phe Glu Leu Ser Gly Cys Thr Ser Val Lys Thr Tyr Arg Ala Lys 270 275 280	1046
20	TTC TGC GGG GTG TGC ACA GAC GGC CGC TGC TGC ACA CCG CAC AGA ACC Phe Cys Gly Val Cys Thr Asp Gly Arg Cys Cys Thr Pro His Arg Thr 285 290 295	1094
25	ACC ACT CTG CCA GTG GAG TTC AAA TGC CCC GAT GGC GAG ATC ATG AAA Thr Thr Leu Pro Val Glu Phe Lys Cys Pro Asp Gly Glu Ile Met Lys 300 305 310	1142
30	AAG AAT ATG ATG TTC ATC AAG ACC TGT GCC TGC CAT TAC AAC TGT CCT Lys Asn Met Met Phe Ile Lys Thr Cys Ala Cys His Tyr Asn Cys Pro 315 320 325	1190
35	GGG GAC AAT GAC ATC TTT GAG TCC CTG TAC TAC AGG AAG ATG TAC GGA Gly Asp Asn Asp Ile Phe Glu Ser Leu Tyr Tyr Arg Lys Met Tyr Gly 330 335 340 345	1238
40	GAC ATG GCG TAAAGCCAGG AAGTAAGGGA CACGAACTCA TTAGACTATA Asp Met Ala	1287
45	ACTTGAACCTG AGTTGCATCT CATTTTCTTC TGTA AAAACA ATTACAGTAG CACATTAATT	1347
50	TAAATCTGTG TTTTAACTA CCGTGGGAGG AACTATCCCA CCAAAGTGAG AACGTTATGT	1407
55	CATGGCCATA CAAGTAGTCT GTCAACCTCA GACACTGGTT TCGAGACAGT TTACACTTGA	1467
	CAGTTGTTCA TTAGCGCACA GTGCCAGAAC GCACACTGAG GTGAGTCTCC TCGAACAGTG	1527
	GAGATGCCAG GAGAAAGAAA GACAGGTA CT AGCTGAGGTT ATTTTAAAAG CAGCAGTGTG	1587
	CCTACTTTTT GGAGTGTAAC CGGGGAGGGA AATTATAGCA TGCTTGCAGA CAGACCTGCT	1647
	CTAGCGAGAG CTGAGCATGT GTCCTCCACT AGATGAGGCT GAGTCCAGCT GTTCTTTAAG	1707
	AACAGCAGTT TCAGCTCTGA CCATTCTGAT TCCAGTGACA CTGTGCAGGA GTCAGAGCCT	1767
	TGCTGTAG ACTGGACAGC TTGTGGCAAG TAAGTTTGCC TGTAACAAGC CAGATTTTAA	1827
	TTGATATTGT AAATATTGTG GATATATATA TATATATATA TATATTTGTA CAGTTATCTA	1887
	AGTTAATTTA AAGTCATTTG TTTTGTGTTT AAGTGCTTTT GGGATTTTAA ACTGATAGCC	1947
	TCAAACCTCA AACACCATAG GTAGGACACG AAGCTTATCT GTGATTCAAA ACAAAGGAGA	2007

TACTGCAGTG GGAATTGTGA CCTGAGTGAC TCTCTGTCAG AACAAACAAA TGCTGTGCAG 2067
 GTGATAAAGC TATGTATTGG AAGTCAGATT TCTAGTAGGA AATGTGGTCA AATCCCTGTT 2127
 5 GGTGAACAAA TGGCCTTTAT TAAGAAATGG CTGGCTCAGG GTAAGGTCCG ATTCCTACCA 2187
 GGAAGTGCCTT GCTGCTTCTT TGATTATGAC TGGTTTGGGG TGGGGGGGCG TTTATTTTGT 2247
 10 GAGAGTGTGA CCAAAAGTTA CATGTTTGCA CTTTCTAGTT GAAAATAAAG TATATATATA 2307
 TTTTATATG AAAAAAAAAA AAA 2330

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 348 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

25 Met Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Gly Pro Ile Ser Leu Ala Leu Val Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Leu Cys Thr Arg Pro Ala Thr Gly Gln Asp Cys Ser Ala Gln Cys
 20 25 30
 30 Gln Cys Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Pro His Cys Pro Ala Gly Val Ser Leu
 35 40 45
 Val Leu Asp Gly Cys Gly Cys Cys Arg Val Cys Ala Lys Gln Leu Gly
 50 55 60
 35 Glu Leu Cys Thr Glu Arg Asp Pro Cys Asp Pro His Lys Gly Leu Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Cys Asp Phe Gly Ser Pro Ala Asn Arg Lys Ile Gly Val Cys Thr Ala
 40 85 90 95
 Lys Asp Gly Ala Pro Cys Val Phe Gly Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Ser Gly
 100 105 110
 45 Glu Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Cys Lys Tyr Gln Cys Thr Cys Leu Asp Gly
 115 120 125
 Ala Val Gly Cys Val Pro Leu Cys Ser Met Asp Val Arg Leu Pro Ser
 130 135 140
 50 Pro Asp Cys Pro Phe Pro Arg Arg Val Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys Cys Cys
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Glu Trp Val Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Asp Arg Thr Ala Val Gly Pro
 165 170 175
 55

Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Arg Leu Glu Asp Thr Phe Gly Pro Asp Pro Thr
 180 185 190

5 Met Met Arg Ala Asn Cys Leu Val Gln Thr Thr Glu Trp Ser Ala Cys
 195 200 205

Ser Lys Thr Cys Gly Met Gly Ile Ser Thr Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn
 210 215 220

10 Thr Phe Cys Arg Leu Glu Lys Gln Ser Arg Leu Cys Met Val Arg Pro
 225 230 235 240

Cys Glu Ala Asp Leu Glu Glu Asn Ile Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys Ile
 245 250 255

15 Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Ala Lys Pro Val Lys Phe Glu Leu Ser Gly Cys
 260 265 270

20 Thr Ser Val Lys Thr Tyr Arg Ala Lys Phe Cys Gly Val Cys Thr Asp
 275 280 285

Gly Arg Cys Cys Thr Pro His Arg Thr Thr Thr Leu Pro Val Glu Phe
 290 295 300

25 Lys Cys Pro Asp Gly Glu Ile Met Lys Lys Asn Met Met Phe Ile Lys
 305 310 315 320

Thr Cys Ala Cys His Tyr Asn Cys Pro Gly Asp Asn Asp Ile Phe Glu
 325 330 335

30 Ser Leu Tyr Tyr Arg Lys Met Tyr Gly Asp Met Ala
 340 345

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 40 (A) LENGTH: 1804 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

45 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: N

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: N

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 50 (A) ORGANISM: Gallus domesticus
 (G) CELL TYPE: Fibroblast
 (H) CELL LINE: CEF10

(viii) POSITION IN GENOME:

- 55 (C) UNITS: bp

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 53..1177
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 119..1177
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 53..118
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(x) PUBLICATION INFORMATION:

(A) AUTHORS: Simmons , Daniel L
 Levy, Daniel B
 Yannoni, Yvonne
 Erikson, R L

(B) TITLE: Identification of a phorbol ester-repressible

v-src-inducible gene

(C) JOURNAL: Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.

(D) VOLUME: 86

(F) PAGES: 1178-1182

(G) DATE: February-1989

(K) RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO:5: FROM 1 TO 1804

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

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CCCGCTTCGC GATCGCGTCT CGAGCTCCGC TCTCGCTCCG CGCCGCTAAG AC ATG      55
                                     Met
                                     -22

GGC TCT GCG GGA GCT CGC CCC GCG CTG GCG GCC GCC CTG CTC TGC CTG      103
Gly Ser Ala Gly Ala Arg Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Cys Leu
-20          -15          -10

GCC CGC CTG GCT CTC GGC TCT CCG TGC CCC GCC GTC TGC CAG TGC CCG      151
Ala Arg Leu Ala Leu Gly Ser Pro Cys Pro Ala Val Cys Gln Cys Pro
-5          1          5          10

GCC GCC GCG CCG CAG TGC GCC CCG GGC GTG GGG CTG GTG CCG GAC GGC      199
Ala Ala Ala Pro Gln Cys Ala Pro Gly Val Gly Leu Val Pro Asp Gly
15          20          25

TGC GGC TGC TGC AAG GTC TGC GCC AAG CAG CTG AAC GAG GAC TGC AGC      247
Cys Gly Cys Cys Lys Val Cys Ala Lys Gln Leu Asn Glu Asp Cys Ser
30          35          40

CGG ACG CAG CCC TGC GAC CAC ACC AAG GGG CTG GAG TGC AAC TTC GGC      295
Arg Thr Gln Pro Cys Asp His Thr Lys Gly Leu Glu Cys Asn Phe Gly
45          50          55

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EP 0 495 674 A2

5	GCC AGC CCC GCC ACC AAC GGC ATC TGC AGA GCA CAG TCT GAG GGG Ala Ser Pro Ala Ala Thr Asn Gly Ile Cys Arg Ala Gln Ser Glu Gly 60 65 70 75	343
10	AGA CCA TGC GAA TAC AAC TCC AAA ATC TAC CAG AAC GGC GAA AGC TTC Arg Pro Cys Glu Tyr Asn Ser Lys Ile Tyr Gln Asn Gly Glu Ser Phe 80 85 90	391
15	CAG CCC AAC TGC AAG CAC CAG TGT ACG TGC ATA GAT GGA GCT GTG GGC Gln Pro Asn Cys Lys His Gln Cys Thr Cys Ile Asp Gly Ala Val Gly 95 100 105	439
20	TGC ATC CCG CTC TGC CCG CAG GAG CTC TCC CTC CCC AAC CTG GGC TGC Cys Ile Pro Leu Cys Pro Gln Glu Leu Ser Leu Pro Asn Leu Gly Cys 110 115 120	487
25	CCC AGC CCC AGG CTG GTC AAA GTG CCT GGG CAG TGC TGC GAG GAG TGG Pro Ser Pro Arg Leu Val Lys Val Pro Gly Gln Cys Cys Glu Glu Trp 125 130 135	535
30	GTC TGC GAT GAG AGC AAG GAT GCG CTG GAG GAG CTG GAG GGC TTC TTC Val Cys Asp Glu Ser Lys Asp Ala Leu Glu Glu Leu Glu Gly Phe Phe 140 145 150 155	583
35	AGC AAG GAG TTT GGT CTG GAC GCT TCT GAG GGC GAA CTG ACC CGG AAC Ser Lys Glu Phe Gly Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Gly Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn 160 165 170	631
40	AAC GAG CTG ATT GCC ATC GTG AAG GGA GGC CTG AAG ATG CTA CCT GTT Asn Glu Leu Ile Ala Ile Val Lys Gly Gly Leu Lys Met Leu Pro Val 175 180 185	679
45	TTT GGA TCC GAG CCG CAA AGC CGA GCT TTT GAG AAT CCC AAA TGC ATT Phe Gly Ser Glu Pro Gln Ser Arg Ala Phe Glu Asn Pro Lys Cys Ile 190 195 200	727
50	GTG CAA ACA ACT TCC TGG TCC CAG TGC TCA AAG ACG TGT GGG ACC GGC Val Gln Thr Thr Ser Trp Ser Gln Cys Ser Lys Thr Cys Gly Thr Gly 205 210 215	775
55	ATC TCC ACC AGA GTC ACC AAC GAC AAT CCC GAC TGC AAG CTC ATC AAA Ile Ser Thr Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Pro Asp Cys Lys Leu Ile Lys 220 225 230 235	823
60	GAG ACC AGG ATA TGC GAA GTG AGG CCG TGT GGC CAG CCC AGC TAC GCC Glu Thr Arg Ile Cys Glu Val Arg Pro Cys Gly Gln Pro Ser Tyr Ala 240 245 250	871
65	TCC CTG AAG AAG GGA AAA AAA TGT ACC AAG ACT AAG AAG TCC CCA TCC Ser Leu Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys Thr Lys Thr Lys Lys Ser Pro Ser 255 260 265	919
70	CCT GTA AGG TTT ACT TAT GCT GGA TGC TCC AGT GTG AAG AAG TAC CGC Pro Val Arg Phe Thr Tyr Ala Gly Cys Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Tyr Arg 270 275 280	967

EP 0 495 674 A2

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 40

CCC AAG TAC TGT GGG TCT TGC GTG GAT GGC AGG TGC TGT ACT CCC CAG 1015
 Pro Lys Tyr Cys Gly Ser Cys Val Asp Gly Arg Cys Cys Thr Pro Gln
 285 290 295

CAG ACC AGG ACT GTC AAG ATC CGT TTC CGC TGC GAT GAT GGA GAA ACC 1063
 Gln Thr Arg Thr Val Lys Ile Arg Phe Arg Cys Asp Asp Gly Glu Thr
 300 305 310 315

TTC ACC AAG AGT GTC ATG ATG ATC CAG TCC TGC CGC TGC AAC TAC AAC 1111
 Phe Thr Lys Ser Val Met Met Ile Gln Ser Cys Arg Cys Asn Tyr Asn
 320 325 330

TGT CCG CAT GCA AAC GAA GCT TAT CCC TTC TAC AGA CTG GTC AAT GAC 1159
 Cys Pro His Ala Asn Glu Ala Tyr Pro Phe Tyr Arg Leu Val Asn Asp
 335 340 345

ATC CAC AAA TTT AGG GAC TAAGTGGTAT TTGGGGTGGG ATGTTAAACA 1207
 Ile His Lys Phe Arg Asp
 350

GAATTCTGAA GTAACCAGCC ATGGAGAAAG GACCTCTGAT GGAAGTGGTG CCTTGCCCCA 1267

TTGAGGGCA ATATGAGATA TTACAGGAGT GCACTGTGCA ACTGGACACT AATGCGACAG 1327

AGATTTAAGC ATACTTAAAG CTTCATAGTA CTGGAGCAAC CTTACTGCTT CTTTTTGGAG 1387

CACCITTATC TTACACTGTT TTCTGTTTGT AAGTGATCTG ATGTTTGTG CCGGTTATGA 1447

AAGCTCTTCC TCTCCCGTTC AGTTTAACAC TACGCTTTTC CCCTCCCTC CATCTTCTCC 1507

CCTACTCTCC CAACCAAGTT GGAAGTTACA TTCCTTCTG AGGTGGGCAC TTGTGGGGTG 1567

TTCACAGTGG CAGCTATTAT GTACCAACTG TAGTTTAATG GCAACAGAA ATCAGTTGTT 1627

TTAAGCTGA GTATTTTATT TATCAAACTG TAGCTCTTTT GTTTTCTTTT TTTTTTTTTT 1687

TAACCCCTTC CAACCCCTGT AATACTGGAA TAAGTTGTAA ATGATTTTAA TTTTATATTC 1747

GATGAATTAA AAGAATTTAT TTATGGAATT AATCATTTAA TAAAGAAATA TTTACCT 1804

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

45
 50
 55

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 375 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Gly Ser Ala Gly Ala Arg Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Leu Cys
 -22 -20 -15 -10

EP 0 495 674 A2

	Leu	Ala	Arg	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ser	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Val	Cys	Gln	Cys	
	-5						1				5					10	
5	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gln	Cys	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Gly	Leu	Val	Pro	Asp	
				15					20						25		
	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys	Cys	Lys	Val	Cys	Ala	Lys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp	Cys	
				30					35					40			
10	Ser	Arg	Thr	Gln	Pro	Cys	Asp	His	Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Cys	Asn	Phe	
			45					50						55			
	Gly	Ala	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ala	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ile	Cys	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ser	Glu	
		60					65					70					
15	Gly	Arg	Pro	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Gly	Glu	Ser	
		75				80					85					90	
	Phe	Gln	Pro	Asn	Cys	Lys	His	Gln	Cys	Thr	Cys	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ala	Val	
20				95					100						105		
	Gly	Cys	Ile	Pro	Leu	Cys	Pro	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Asn	Leu	Gly	
				110				115						120			
25	Cys	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Leu	Val	Lys	Val	Pro	Gly	Gln	Cys	Cys	Glu	Glu	
			125					130					135				
	Trp	Val	Cys	Asp	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Gly	Phe	
		140					145					150					
30	Phe	Ser	Lys	Glu	Phe	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Glu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Thr	Arg	
		155				160					165					170	
	Asn	Asn	Glu	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ile	Val	Lys	Gly	Gly	Leu	Lys	Met	Leu	Pro	
35				175						180					185		
	Val	Phe	Gly	Ser	Glu	Pro	Gln	Ser	Arg	Ala	Phe	Glu	Asn	Pro	Lys	Cys	
			190						195					200			
	Ile	Val	Gln	Thr	Thr	Ser	Trp	Ser	Gln	Cys	Ser	Lys	Thr	Cys	Gly	Thr	
40			205					210					215				
	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	Arg	Val	Thr	Asn	Asp	Asn	Pro	Asp	Cys	Lys	Leu	Ile	
		220					225					230					
45	Lys	Glu	Thr	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Val	Arg	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Ser	Tyr	
		235				240					245					250	
	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Gly	Lys	Lys	Cys	Thr	Lys	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ser	Pro	
				255					260						265		
50	Ser	Pro	Val	Arg	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys	Tyr	
				270					275					280			
55																	

Arg Pro Lys Tyr Cys Gly Ser Cys Val Asp Gly Arg Cys Cys Thr Pro
285 290 295

5 Gln Gln Thr Arg Thr Val Lys Ile Arg Phe Arg Cys Asp Asp Gly Glu
300 305 310

Thr Phe Thr Lys Ser Val Met Met Ile Gln Ser Cys Arg Cys Asn Tyr
315 320 325 330

10 Asn Cys Pro His Ala Asn Glu Ala Tyr Pro Phe Tyr Arg Leu Val Asn
335 340 345

Asp Ile His Lys Phe Arg Asp
350

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Claims

- 20 1. A substantially purified protein comprising about 345 to about 380 amino acid residues, having a molecular weight of about 37,000 daltons to about 45,000 daltons and containing about 38 cysteine residues, said protein being induced by TGF-beta administration to mammalian cells.
- 25 2. The protein according to Claim 1, wherein the protein has an amino acid residue sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence depicted in FIGURE 1 designated as β IG-M1 and having Sequence I.D. No. 2.
- 30 3. The protein according to Claim 1, wherein the protein has an amino acid residue sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence depicted in FIGURE 2 designated as β IG-M2 and having Sequence I.D. No. 4.
- 35 4. The protein according to Claim 2 encoded by a nucleotide sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence of FIGURE 1 and having Sequence I.D. No. 1.
5. The protein according to Claim 3 encoded by a nucleotide sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence of FIGURE 2 and having Sequence I.D. No. 3.
- 40 6. A nucleotide sequence encoding a TGF-beta induced protein substantially corresponding to the nucleotide sequence depicted in FIGURE 1 and having Sequence I.D. No. 1.
7. A nucleotide sequence encoding a TGF-beta-induced protein substantially corresponding to the nucleotide sequence depicted in FIGURE 2 and having Sequence I.D. No. 3.
- 45 8. A gene family induced by TGF-beta wherein the induced genes encode a protein comprising about 345 to about 380 amino acid residues, having a molecular weight of about 37,000 daltons to about 45,000 daltons and containing about 38 cysteine residues.
- 50 9. The gene family according to Claim 8 wherein an induced gene encodes a protein having an amino acid residue sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence depicted in FIGS 1 and having Sequence I.D. No. 2.
- 55 10. The gene family according to Claim 8 wherein an induced gene encodes a protein having an amino acid residue sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence depicted in FIGS 2 and having Sequence I.D. No. 4.
11. The gene family according to Claim 8 wherein an induced gene has a nucleotide sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence depicted in FIGURE 1 and having Sequence I.D. No. 1.

12. The gene family according to Claim 8 wherein an induced gene has a nucleotide sequence substantially corresponding to the sequence depicted in FIGURE 2 and having Sequence I.D. No. 3.

13. A method for the determination of a TGF- β induced gene comprising the steps of:

- 5 (1) treating a mammalian cell with an effective amount of an inhibitor of mRNA translation for a time period sufficient to inhibit protein synthesis;
- (2) further treating said mammalian cell with an effective amount of TGF- β for a time period sufficient to induce mRNA synthesis from TGF- β inducible genes;
- (3) preparing a cDNA library from mRNA isolated from the cell treated according to steps (1) and (2);
- 10 (4) probing the cDNA library with cDNA isolated from the untreated mammalian cell of step (1);
- (5) probing the cDNA library with cDNA isolated from the mammalian cell treated according to steps (1) and (2);
- (6) selecting a cDNA detected in step (4) but not in step (5); and
- (7) sequencing the DNA selected in step (6).

14. A method for the production of a protein according to any one of claims 1 to 5 comprising the steps of:

- (1) inserting a nucleic acid coding sequence encoding the protein into an expression vector;
- (2) transforming or transfecting a mammalian cell with the expression vector;
- (3) culturing the mammalian cell to express the protein; and
- 20 (4) isolating the protein.

FIG-M1 CONSENSUS 112790

GACCGTGAGC GAGAGGCCCA GAGAAGCGCC TGCAATCTCT GCGCTCCTCC GCCAGCACCT 60
 CGAGAGAAGG ACACCCGCCG CCTCGGCCCT CGCCTCACCG CACTCCGGGC GCATTGATC 120
 CCGCTGCTCG CCGGCTTGTT GGTTCGTGTG CGCCGCGCTC GCCCCGGTTC CTCCTGCGCG 180
 CCACA ATG AGC TCC AGC ACC TTC AGG ACG CTC GCT GTC GCC GTC ACC 227
 Met Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Arg Thr Leu Ala Val Ala Val Thr
 1 5 10
 CTT CTC CAC TTG ACC AGA CTG GCG CTC TCC ACC TGC CCC GCC GCC 272
 Leu Leu His Leu Thr Arg Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Cys Pro Ala Ala
 15 20 25
 TGC CAC TGC CCT CTG GAG GCA CCC AAG TGC GCC CCG GGA GTC GGG 317
 Cys His Cys Pro Leu Glu Ala Pro Lys Cys Ala Pro Gly Val Gly
 30 35 40
 TTG GTC CGG GAC GGC TGC GGC TGC TGT AAG GTC TGC GCT AAA CAA 362
 Leu Val Arg Asp Gly Cys Gly Cys Cys Lys Val Cys Ala Lys Gln
 45 50 55
 CTC AAC GAG GAC TGC AGC AAA ACT CAG CCC TGC GAC CAC ACC AAG 407
 Leu Asn Glu Asp Cys Ser Lys Thr Gln Pro Cys Asp His Thr Lys
 60 65 70
 GGG TTG GAA TGC AAT TTC GGC GCC AGC TCC ACC GCT CTG AAA GGG 452
 Gly Leu Glu Cys Asn Phe Gly Ala Ser Ser Thr Ala Leu Lys Gly
 75 80 85
 ATC TGC AGA GCT CAG TCA GAA GGC AGA CCC TGT GAA TAT AAC TCC 497
 Ile Cys Arg Ala Gln Ser Glu Gly Arg Pro Cys Glu Tyr Asn Ser
 90 95 100
 AGA ATC TAC CAA AAC GGG GAA AGC TTC CAG CCC AAC TGT AAA CAC 542
 Arg Ile Tyr Gln Asn Gly Glu Ser Phe Gln Pro Asn Cys Lys His
 105 110 115
 CAG TGC ACA TGT ATT GAT GGC GCC GTG GGC TGC ATT CCT CTG TGT 587
 Gln Cys Thr Cys Ile Asp Gly Ala Val Gly Cys Ile Pro Leu Cys
 120 125 130

FIGURE 1

CCC CAA GAA CTG TCT CTC CCC AAT CTG GGC TGT CCC AAC CCC CGG Pro Gln Glu Leu Ser Leu Pro Asn Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Pro Arg 135 140 145	632
CTG GTG AAA GTC AGC GGG CAG TGC TGT GAA GAG TGG GTT TGT GAT Leu Val Lys Val Ser Gly Gln Cys Cys Glu Glu Trp Val Cys Asp 150 155 160	677
GAA GAC AGC ATT AAG GAC TCC CTG GAC GAC CAG GAT GAC CTC CTC Glu Asp Ser Ile Lys Asp Ser Leu Asp Asp Gln Asp Asp Leu Leu 165 170 175	722
GGA CTC GAT GCC TCG GAG GTG GAG TTA ACG AGA AAC AAT GAG TTA Gly Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Val Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn Asn Glu Leu 180 185 190	767
ATC GCA ATT GGA AAA GGC AGC TCA CTG AAG AGG CTT CCT GTC TTT Ile Ala Ile Gly Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Lys Arg Leu Pro Val Phe 195 200 205	812
GGC ACC GAA CCG CGA GTT CTT TTC AAC CCT CTG CAC GCC CAT GGC Gly Thr Glu Pro Arg Val Leu Phe Asn Pro Leu His Ala His Gly 210 215 220	857
CAG AAA TGC ATC GTT CAG ACC ACG TCT TGG TCC CAG TGC TCC AAG Gln Lys Cys Ile Val Gln Thr Thr Ser Trp Ser Gln Cys Ser Lys 225 230 235	902
AGC TGC GGA ACT GGC ATC TCC ACA CGA GTT ACC AAT GAC AAC CCA Ser Cys Gly Thr Gly Ile Ser Thr Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Pro 240 245 250	947
GAG TGC CGC CTG GTG AAA GAG ACC CGG ATC TGT GAA GTG CGT CCT Glu Cys Arg Leu Val Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Cys Glu Val Arg Pro 255 260 265	992
TGT GGA CAA CCA GTG TAC AGC AGC CTA AAA AAG GGC AAG AAA TGC Cys Gly Gln Pro Val Tyr Ser Ser Leu Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys 270 275 280	1037
AGC AAG ACC AAG AAA TCC CCA GAA CCA GTC AGA TTT ACT TAT GCA Ser Lys Thr Lys Lys Ser Pro Glu Pro Val Arg Phe Thr Tyr Ala 285 290 295	1082

FIGURE 1 (Cont.)

GGA TGC TCC AGT GTC AAG AAA TAC CGG CCC AAA TAC TGC GGC TCC 1127
 Gly Cys Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Tyr Arg Pro Lys Tyr Cys Gly Ser
 300 305 310

TGC GTA GAT GGC CGG TGC TGC ACA CCT CTG CAG ACC AGA ACT GTG 1172
 Cys Val Asp Gly Arg Cys Cys Thr Pro Leu Gln Thr Arg Thr Val
 315 320 325

AAG ATG CGG TTC CGA TGC GAA GAT GGA GAG ATG TTT TCC AAG AAT 1217
 Lys Met Arg Phe Arg Cys Glu Asp Gly Glu Met Phe Ser Lys Asn
 330 335 340

GTC ATG ATG ATC CAG TCC TGC AAA TGT AAC TAC AAC TGC CCG CAT 1262
 Val Met Met Ile Gln Ser Cys Lys Cys Asn Tyr Asn Cys Pro His
 345 350 355

CCC AAC GAG GCA TCG TTC CGA CTG TAC AGC CTA TTC AAT GAC ATC 1307
 Pro Asn Glu Ala Ser Phe Arg Leu Tyr Ser Leu Phe Asn Asp Ile
 360 365 370

CAC AAG TTC AGG GAC TAAGTGCCTC CAGGGTTCCT AGTGTGGGCT GGACAGAGGA 1362
 His Lys Phe Arg Asp
 375

GAAGCGCAAG CATCATGGAG ACGTGGGTGG GCGGAGGATG AATGGTGCCT TGCTCATTCT 1422

TGAGTAGCAT TAGGGTATTT CAAAACTGCC AAGGGGCTGA TGTGGACGGA CAGCAGCGCA 1482

GCCGCAGTTG GAGAATGCCA AGGGGCTGAT GTGGACGGAC AGCAGCGCAG CCGCAGTTGG 1542

AGAAGACTTC GCTTCATAGT ACTGGAGCGG GCATTATTGC TCCATATTGG AGCATGTTTA 1602

CGGATGACGT TCTGTTTTCT GTTTGTAAAT TATTTGCTAA GTGTATTTTT TTGCTCCAGA 1662

CCCCCCCCC CCCTTTCTTG GTTCTACAAT TGTAATAGAG ACAAATAAG ATTAGTTGGG 1722

CCAAGTGAAA GCCCTGCTTG TCCTTTGACA GAAGTAAATG AAAGCGCCTC TCATTCCTTC 1782

CCGAGCGGAG GGGGGACACT CTGTGAGTGT CCTTGGGGCA GCTACCTGCA CTCTAAAAC 1842

GCAAAACAGAA ACCAGGTGTT TTAAGATTGA ATGTTTTTTT ATTTATCAAA GTGTAGCTTT 1902

TGGGGAGGGA GGGGAAATGT AATACTGGAA TAATTTGTAA ATGATTTTAA TTTTATATCA 1962

GTGAAGAGAA TTTATTTATA AAATTAATCA TTAAATAAAG AAATATTTAC CTAACAAAAA 2022
 AAAAAA

FIGURE 1 (Cont.)

2028

BIG-M2 CONSENSUS 112790

AGACTCAGCC AGATCCACTC CAGCTCCGAC CCCAGGAGAC CGACCTCCTC CAGACGGCAG	60
CAGCCCCCAGC CCAGCCGACA ACCCCAGACG CCACCGCCTG GAGCGTCCAG ACACCAACCT	120
CCGCCCCCTGT CCGAATCCAG GCTCCAGCCG CGCCTCTCGT CGCCTCTGCA CCCTGCTGTG	180
CATCCTCCTA CCGCGTCCCG ATC ATG CTC GCC TCC GTC GCA GGT CCC	227
Met Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Gly Pro	
1 5	
ATC AGC CTC GCC TTG GTG CTC CTC GCC CTC TGC ACC CGG CCT GCT	272
Ile Ser Leu Ala Leu Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Cys Thr Arg Pro Ala	
10 15 20	
ACG GGC CAG GAC TGC AGC GCG CAA TGT CAG TGC GCA GCC GAA GCA	317
Thr Gly Gln Asp Cys Ser Ala Gln Cys Gln Cys Ala Ala Glu Ala	
25 30 35	
GCG CCG CAC TGC CCC GCC GGC GTG AGC CTG GTG CTG GAC GGC TGC	362
Ala Pro His Cys Pro Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Gly Cys	
40 45 50	
GGC TGC TGC CGC GTC TGC GCC AAG CAG CTG GGA GAA CTG TGT ACG	407
Gly Cys Cys Arg Val Cys Ala Lys Gln Leu Gly Glu Leu Cys Thr	
55 60 65	
GAG CGT GAC CCC TGC GAC CCA CAC AAG GGC CTC TTC TGC GAT TTC	452
Glu Arg Asp Pro Cys Asp Pro His Lys Gly Leu Phe Cys Asp Phe	
70 75 80	
GGC TCC CCC GCC AAC CGC AAG ATT GGA GTG TGC ACT GCC AAA GAT	497
Gly Ser Pro Ala Asn Arg Lys Ile Gly Val Cys Thr Ala Lys Asp	
85 90 95	
GGT GCA CCC TGT GTC TTC GGT GGG TCG GTG TAC CGC AGC GGT GAG	542
Gly Ala Pro-Cys Val Phe Gly Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Ser Gly Glu	
100 105 110	
TCC TTC CAA AGC AGC TGC AAA TAC CAA TGC ACT TGC CTG GAT GGG	587
Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Cys Lys Tyr Gln Cys Thr Cys Leu Asp Gly	
115 120 125	
GCC GTG GGC TGC GTG CCC CTA TGC AGC ATG GAC GTG CGC CTG CCC	632
Ala Val Gly Cys Val Pro Leu Cys Ser Met Asp Val Arg Leu Pro	
130 135 140	

FIGURE 2

AGC CCT GAC TGC CCC TTC CCG AGA AGG GTC AAG CTG CCT GGG AAA Ser Pro Asp Cys Pro Phe Pro Arg Arg Val Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys 145 150 155	677
TGC TGC GAG GAG TGG GTG TGT GAC GAG CCC AAG GAC CGC ACA GCA Cys Cys Glu Glu Trp Val Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Asp Arg Thr Ala 160 165 170	722
GTT GGC CCT GCC CTA GCT GCC TAC CGA CTG GAA GAC ACA TTT GGC Val Gly Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Arg Leu Glu Asp Thr Phe Gly 175 180 185	767
CCA GAC CCA ACT ATG ATG CGA GCC AAC TGC CTG GTC CAG ACC ACA Pro Asp Pro Thr Met Met Arg Ala Asn Cys Leu Val Gln Thr Thr 190 195 200	812
GAG TGG AGC GCC TGT TCT AAG ACC TGT GGA ATG GGC ATC TCC ACC Glu Trp Ser Ala Cys Ser Lys Thr Cys Gly Met Gly Ile Ser Thr 205 210 215	857
CGA GTT ACC AAT GAC AAT ACC TTC TGC AGA CTG GAG AAG CAG AGC Arg Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Thr Phe Cys Arg Leu Glu Lys Gln Ser 220 225 230	902
CGC CTC TGC ATG GTC AGG CCC TGC GAA GCT GAC CTG GAG GAA AAC Arg Leu Cys Met Val Arg Pro Cys Glu Ala Asp Leu Glu Glu Asn 235 240 245	947
ATT AAG AAG GGC AAA AAG TGC ATC CGG ACA CCT AAA ATC GCC AAG Ile Lys Lys Gly Lys Lys Cys Ile Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Ala Lys 250 255 260	992
CCT GTC AAG TTT GAG CTT TCT GGC TGC ACC AGT GTG AAG ACA TAC Pro Val Lys Phe Glu Leu Ser Gly Cys Thr Ser Val Lys Thr Tyr 265 270 275	1037
AGG GCT AAG TTC TGC GGG GTG TGC ACA GAC GGC CGC TGC TGC ACA Arg Ala Lys Phe Cys Gly Val Cys Thr Asp Gly Arg Cys Cys Thr 280 285 290	1082
CCG CAC AGA ACC ACC ACT CTG CCA GTG GAG TTC AAA TGC CCC GAT Pro His Arg Thr Thr Thr Leu Pro Val Glu Phe Lys Cys Pro Asp 295 300 305	1127
GGC GAG ATC ATG AAA AAG AAT ATG ATG TTC ATC AAG ACC TGT GCC Gly Glu Ile Met Lys Lys Asn Met Met Phe Ile Lys Thr Cys Ala 310 315 320	1172

FIGURE 2 (Cont.)

TGC CAT TAC AAC TGT CCT GGG GAC AAT GAC ATC TTT GAG TCC CTG 1217
 Cys His Tyr Asn Cys Pro Gly Asp Asn Asp Ile Phe Glu Ser Leu
 325 330 335
 TAC TAC AGG AAG ATG TAC GGA GAC ATG GCG TAAAGCCAGG AAGTAAGGGA 1267
 Tyr Tyr Arg Lys Met Tyr Gly Asp Met Ala
 340 345
 CACGAACTCA TTAGACTATA ACTTGAAGT AGTTGCATCT CATTTTCTTC TGTA AAAACA 1327
 ATTACAGTAG CACATTAATT TAAATCTGTG TTTTAACTA CCGTGGGAGG AACTATCCCA 1387
 CCAAAGTGAG AACGTTATGT CATGGCCATA CAAGTAGTCT GTCAACCTCA GACACTGGTT 1447
 TCGAGACAGT TTACACTTGA CAGTTGTTCA TTAGCGCACA GTGCCAGAAC GCACACTGAG 1507
 GTGAGTCTCC TGGAACAGTG GAGATGCCAG GAGAAAGAAA GACAGGTACT AGCTGAGGTT 1567
 ATTTTAAAAG CAGCAGTGTG CCTACTTTTT GGAGTGTAA CCGGGAGGGA AATTATAGCA 1627
 TGCTTGCAGA CAGACCTGCT CTAGCGAGAG CTGAGCATGT GTCCTCCACT AGATGAGGCT 1687
 GAGTCCAGCT GTTCTTTAAG AACAGCAGTT TCAGCTCTGA CCATTCTGAT TCCAGTGACA 1747
 CTTGTCAGGA GTCAGAGCCT TGTCTGTTAG ACTGGACAGC TTGTGGCAAG TAAGTTTGCC 1807
 TGTAACAAGC CAGATTTTTA TTGATATTGT AAATATTGTG GATATATATA TATATATATA 1867
 TATATTTGTA CAGTTATCTA AGTTAATTTA AAGTCATTTG TTTTGTITT AAGTGCTTTT 1927
 GGGATTTTAA ACTGATAGCC TCAAAGTCCA AACACCATAG GTAGGACACG AAGCTTATCT 1987
 GTGATTCAAA ACAAAGGAGA TACTGCAGTG GGAATTGTGA CETGAGTGAC TCTCTGTCAG 2047
 AACAAACAAA TGCTGTGCAG GTGATAAAGC TATGTATTGG AAGTCAGATT TCTAGTAGGA 2107
 AATGTGGTCA AATCCCTGTT GGTGAACAAA TGGCCTTTAT TAAGAAATGG CTGGCTCAGG 2167
 GTAAGGTCCG ATTCCTACCA GGAAGTGCTT GCTGCTTCTT TGATTATGAC TGGTTTGGGG 2227
 TGGGGGGCAG TTTATTTGTT GAGAGTGTGA CCAAAGTTA CATGTTTGCA CTTTCTAGTT 2287
 GAAAATAAAG TATATATATA TTTTATATG AAAAAAAAAA AAA 2330

FIGURE 2 (Cont.)

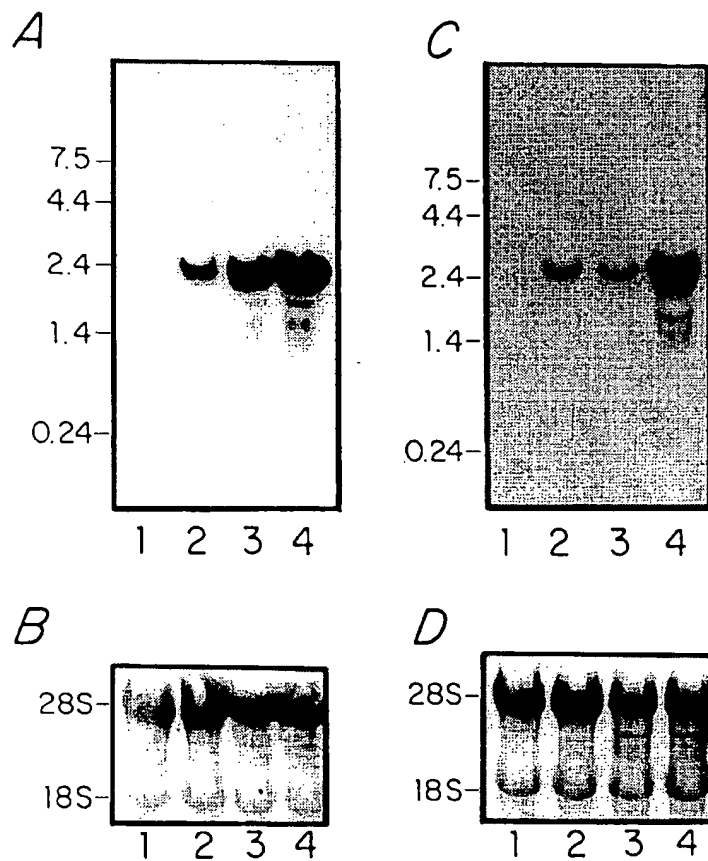


Figure 3

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CEF10      - MGSAGARP-ALAAALLCLARLALGSPVACQCPAAAPQCAPGVGLVPDG -49
           : .: . : :. : :. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - MSSSTFRTLAVAVTLLHLTRLAL-STCPAACHCPLEAPKCAPGVGLVRDG -49

CEF10      - CGCCKVCAKQLNEDCSRTQPCDHTKGLECNFGASPAATNGICRAQSEGRP -99
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - CGCCKVCAKQLNEDCSKTQPCDHTKGLECNFGASSTALKGICRAQSEGRP -99

CEF10      - CEYNSKIYQNGESFQPNCKHQCTCIDGAVGCIPLCPQELSLPNLGCPSPR -149
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - CEYNSRIYQNGESFQPNCKHQCTCIDGAVGCIPLCPQELSLPNLGCPNPR -149

CEF10      - LVKVPQGCEEWVCDDES--KDALEELEGFFSKEFGLDASEGELTRNNELI -197
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - LVKVSQGCEEWVCDEDSIKSLDDQDDLL---GLDASEVELTRNNELI -195

CEF10      - AIVKGG-LKMLPVFGSEPQSRAFENP-----KCIVQTTSWSQCSKTCGT -240
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - AIGKGSSLKRLPVFGTEP--RVLFNPLHAHGQKCIVQTTSWSQCSKSCGT -243

CEF10      - GISTRVTNDNPDCKLIKETRICEVRPCGQPSYASLKKGKKCTKTKKSPSP -290
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - GISTRVTNDNPECRLVKETRICEVRPCGQPVYSSLKKGKKCSKTKKSPEP -293

CEF10      - VRFTYAGCSSVKKYRPKYCGSCVDGRCTPQQTRTVKIRFRCDGETFTK -340
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - VRFTYAGCSSVKKYRPKYCGSCVDGRCTPLQTRTVKMRFRCEDEGEMFSK -343

CEF10      - SVMMIQSCRCNYNCPHANEA-YPFYRLYNDIHKFRD -375
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M1     - NVMMIQSCKCNYNCPHPNEASFRLYSLFNDIHKFRD -379

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FIGURE 4


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CEF10      - MGSAGARP--ALAAALLCL-ARLALGSPCPAVQCSPA-AAAPQCAPGVGLVP -47
           : .. : : :. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - MLASVAGPISLALVLLALCTR PATGQDCSAQCQCAAEAPHCPAGVSLVL -50

CEF10      - DGC GCKVC AKQLNEDCSRTQPCDHTKGLECNFGASPAATNGICRAQSEG -97
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - DGC GCCRVCAKQLGELCTERDPCDPHKG LFCDFGSPANRKIGVCTAK-DG -99

CEF10      - RPCEYNSKIYQNGESFQPNC KHQCTCIDGAVGCIPLCPQELSLPHLGCP S -147
           : : . : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - APCVFGGSVYRSGESFQSSCKYQCTCLDGAVGCVPLCSH D VRLPSPDCPF -149

CEF10      - PRLVKVPQGCCEEWVCDESKDALEELEGFFSKEFGLDASEGELTRNNELI -197
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - PRRVKLP GKCEEWVCDEPKDR-----TAVGP----- -176

CEF10      - AIVKGLKMLPVFGSE PQSRAFENPKCIVQTTSWSQCSKTCGTGISTRVT -247
           : : . : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - ALAAYRLE--DTFGPDPTM---MRANCLVQTTEWSACSKTCGMGISTRVT -221

CEF10      - NDNPDCKLIKETRICEVRPCGQPSYASLKKGKKCTKTKKSPSPVRFTYAG -297
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - NDNTFCRLEKQSR LCMVRPCEADLEENIKKGKKCI RTPKIAKPVKFELSG -271

CEF10      - CSSVKKYRPKYCGSCVDGR CCTPQQTRTVKIRFCDDGETFTKSVMMIQS -347
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - CTSVKTYRAKFCGVCTDGR CCTPHRTTLPVEFKCPDGEIMKKNMMFIKT -321

CEF10      - CRCNYNCPHANEAYP--FYRLVNDIHKFRD -375
           : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2     - CACHYNC PGDNDIFESLYYRKMYG---DMA -348

```

FIGURE 5

```

BIG-M1      - MSSSTFRTLAVAVTLLHL-TRLALST-CPAACHCPLEA-PKCAPGVGLVR -47
              : .: ...: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - MLASVAGPISLALVLLALCTRPATGQDCSAQCQCAAEAPHCPAGVSLVL -50

BIG-M1      - DGGCGCKVCAKQLMEDCSKTQPCDHTKGLECNFGASSTALKGICRAQSEG -97
              : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - DGGCGCRVCAKQLGELCTERDPCDPHKGLFCDFGSPANRKIGVCTAK-DG -99

BIG-M1      - RPCEYNSRIYQNGESFQPNCKHQCTCIDGAVGCIPLCPQELSPLNLGCPN -147
              : : . .: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - APCVFGGSVYRSGESFQSSCKYQCTCLDGAVGCVPLCSMDVRLPSPDCPF -149

BIG-M1      - PRLVKVSGQCCEEWVCDSESIKDSLDDQDDLGLDASEVELTRNNELIAI -197
              : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - PRRVKLPGKCCCEEWVCDPEPKDRTAVG-----PALAAYRLEDT----- -186

BIG-M1      - GKGSSLKRLPVFGTEPRVLFNPLHAHQKCIYQTTSWSQCSKSCGTGIST -247
              : : . : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - -----FGDPD---TMMRAN---CLVQTTEWSACSKTCGMGIST -218

BIG-M1      - RVTNDNPECRLYKETRICEVRPCGPVYSSLLKGGKCSKTKKSPEPVRF -297
              : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - RVTNDNTFCRLEKQSRLCMVRPCEADLEENIKGGKKCIRTPKIAKPVKFE -268


BIG-M1      - YAGCSSVKKYRPKYCGSCVDGRCCTPLQTRTVKMRFRCEDEGMFSKNVHM -347
              : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - LSGCTSVKTYRAKFCGVCTDGRCCTPHRTTTLTPVEFKCPDGEIMKKNMMF -318

BIG-M1      - IQSCKCNYNCPHPNEASFRLYSLFNDIHKFRD -379
              : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
BIG-M2      - IKTCACHYNCPGNDIFESLY--YRKMTYGDMA -348

```

FIGURE 6

β IG-M1	CIVQTTSWSQCSKSCGTGISTRVT-----NDNPECRL-VKETRICEVR	42
CEF12CS	CIVQTTSWSQCSKTCGTGISTRVT-----NDNPDCKL-IKETRICEVR	42
β IG-M2	CLVQTTEWSACSKTCGMGISTRVT-----NDNTFCRL-EKQSRLCMVR	42
PFALCIPACS	NSI-STEWSPCSVTCGNGIQVRIKPGSANKPKDELDYEN-DIEKKICKME	48
PROPERDCSR	WSX-WSPWSPCSVTCXGXQXXRXRCXXPAPXX-GXPCAGAXXXXXXQ	48
THROMBOCS	WSH-WSPWSSCSVTCGDGV--ITRIRLCNSPSPQMNGKPC--ECEARETK	45
PFALTRAPCS	CGV-WDEWSPCSVTCGKGTRSRKREILHEG-----CTSEIQEQ---	37
C7COMPCS	WDF-YAPWSECN-GCTKTQTRRRSVAVYG----QYGGQPCVG--NAFETQ	42

. * * * . * . .

 region II of CS protein

β IG-M1	PCGQPVYSSLKKGKKCSK	60
CEF12CS	PCGQPSYASLKGKKCTK	60
β IG-M2	PCEADLEENIKKGKKCIR	60
PFALCIPACS	KCSSVF-----N	55
PROPERDCSR	ACXXXXPCPXX-G-----	60
THROMBOCS	ACKKDA-CPIN-G-----	56
PFALTRAPCS	-CE-EERCPPKWE-----	48
C7COMPCS	SCEPTRGCPTTEG--C--	56

*

FIGURE 7

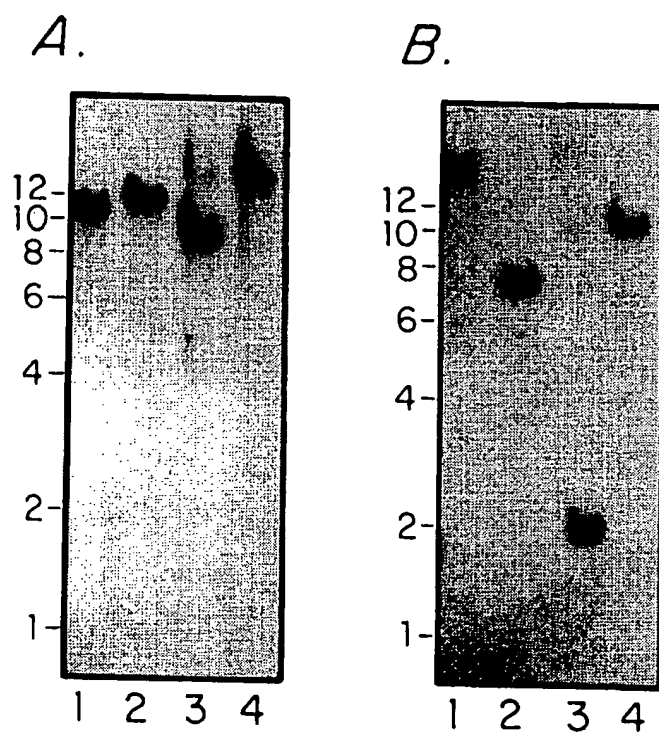


Figure 8